Agriculture was a new way for humans to evolve and change to improve their lives. Agriculture lead to the discovery of domestication of both plants and animals, writing and surplus of food. Agriculture was not just something that happened overnight but was discovered through technology by inventing things that improved their way of living.

Domestication of plants and animals meant that they no longer had to go out and hunt. “It meant that plants and animals were brought closer to home was easier to manage them and also they stayed in one place.” So this demonstrates that no longer did they need to travel for food they could remain safe in their homes without worrying about where their next meal would come from.

Cuneiform Writing was discovered out of a necessity to stay organized and keep track of their way of living. According to the video Mesopotamia development of written language, “they wrote in clay tablets to keep records so they could make plans for the future, and tell farmers exactly what to grow.” So the evidence shows that in order to stay organized and understand what needed to be harvested they kept record by creating symbols on clay tablets and keeping them in order to plan for the future and keep prospering.

Surplus of food led to help the society grow and prosper into full blown civilization in which different types of jobs were created to meet the demands of its society. In the article titled this is Culture it states, “Once people had enough food, populations could grow, and people could begin to specialize, people focus on a specific type of work.” Also it lead to “specialization of labor led to the development of a social structure. People now had clearly defined roles in society.” So the evidence shows with enough food people were able to specialize in different jobs because no longer did they just have to grow food because there was enough to feed its society.

In conclusion Agriculture was the beginning of how a society is formed. It lead to a society that evolved from living in caves and fending for themselves to one that was able to create a stable environment in which it learned to farm and domesticated plants and animals. Also was able to grow enough food to feed all their society, to creating specialized jobs to help its village grow into a full functioning cities.

Resources used:

Discovery Ed video; Mesopotamia the development of written language

Article; This is Culture